

POSTER PRESENTATION

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BioRePortAP, an electronic clinical record coupled with a database: an example of its use in a single centre

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Aims

To evaluate the efficacy and safety of the treatment of psoriatic arthritis (PsA) patients with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists in the Rheumatology Dept. of Hospital de Santa Maria using the BioRePortAP.

Methods

The Portuguese Society of Rheumatology (SPR) developed an electronic medical chart coupled with a database for the follow up of PsA patients, the BioRePortAP, which was launched in May 2009. This evaluation was based on all the PsA patients that were on active treatment with TNF antagonists in September 2009 and were registered in the BioRePortAP. All the previous data on these patients were introduced in BioRePortAP using the prospective paper based follow up protocol that this Dept. was using since 1999. Only patients with more than 9 months of treatment were analyzed.

Results

Forty-two patients with PsA, actively treated with anti-TNF agents in September 2009, for at least 9 months, were analyzed in BioRePortAP. Twenty-three patients were male (55%) and nineteen were female (45%). The average age of these patients was 49.8 ± 10.9 years old, the average disease duration was of 10.7 ± 5.6 years and the mean duration of biological therapy was of 37.8 ± 27.8 months. For the 81% of patients with peripheral joint disease there was a mean reduction of more than 80% in the swollen and tender joint counts, and almost 50% in the HAQ value. In the 19% of the

patients with axial involvement the reduction of BAS-DAI and BASFI was not statistically significant. On top of that, PASI score suffered a reduction of 64%. Four-teen patients (33.3%) had to switch their TNF antagonist treatment. 58.8% of the switches were due to adverse effects and 41.2% due to therapy failure. Regarding the 56 adverse reactions registered, only one was a severe reaction. The remaining adverse reactions were not severe and 67% of them were due to infections.

Discussion

The results of this first report of the use of the BioRe-PortAP in clinical practice confirm the efficacy and safety of TNF antagonist treatment in PsA. The results shown here elucidate the potential applications of BioRePortAP as a tool for efficacy and safety assessment of PsA patients treated with biotechnological drugs.

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