

### **POSTER PRESENTATION**

**Open Access** 

# IL-17A producing mast cells as therapeutic target in spondyloarthritis

N Yeremenko<sup>1</sup>, I Gofita<sup>1\*</sup>, T Noordenbos<sup>1</sup>, P P Tak<sup>1</sup>, J Canete<sup>2</sup>, D Baeten<sup>1</sup>

From 5th European Workshop on Immune-Mediated Inflammatory Diseases Sitges-Barcelona, Spain. 1-3 December 2010

#### Introduction

We recently observed a remarkably increased synovial infiltration with c-kit-positive mast cells in non-psoriatic and psoriatic spondyloarthritis (SpA) versus rheumatoid arthritis (RA).

#### Aim

As these mast cells were not degranulated, we investigated whether they could contribute to synovial inflammation by cytokine production, with special focus on IL-17.

#### Patients and methods

Synovial tissue biopsies from active non-psoriatic and psoriatic SpA (n=10) and RA (n=10) were stained with mouse anti-c-kit, goat anti-IL-17 and mouse anti-mast cell tryptase (MCT) by immunohistochemistry and double immunofluorescence. The effect of inhibition of c-kit tyrosine kinase by imatinib mesylate on proinflammatory cytokine production was tested in vitro on fresh synovial biopsies from 14 SpA patients.

#### Results

Mast cells were identified in synovial tissue by immunostaining for c-kit or mast cell tryptase. Single immunostaining for IL-17 showed multiple single positive mononuclear cells in all types of arthritis. Double immunofluorescence indicated a striking colocalization of IL-17 and mast cell tryptase in non-psoriatic and psoriatic SpA. Quantification by manual counting confirmed that a median of 65% of the synovial mast cells in SpA express IL-17. In contrast, only 26% of the mast cells expressed IL-17 in RA (p=0.015). Moreover, mast cells were the main IL-17 producing cell subset in SpA (60-70%) but not in RA (20-30%)(p=0.036). In order to investigate the

role of cytokine production by mast cells in the synovial inflammation in SpA, we used imatinib mesylate to block c-kit tyrosine kinase in ex vivo synovial tissue cultures. C-kit blockade strongly reduced not only IL-6 and IL-8 but also IL-17A production by SpA synovial biopsies.

#### Conclusion

The increase in synovial mast cells in SpA synovitis, their augmented production of IL-17, and the downregulation of cytokine production by targeting mast cells ex vivo strongly suggest that mast cells contribute to synovial inflammation in SpA and are an attractive therapeutic target.

#### Author details

<sup>1</sup>Clinical Immunology and Rheumatology, Academic Medical Center/ University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands. <sup>2</sup>Rheumatology, Hospital Clinic Barcelona, Spain.

Published: 25 November 2010

#### doi:10.1186/1479-5876-8-S1-P42

**Cite this article as:** Yeremenko *et al.*: **IL-17A producing mast cells as therapeutic target in spondyloarthritis.** *Journal of Translational Medicine* 2010 **8**(Suppl 1):P42.

## Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



<sup>1</sup>Clinical Immunology and Rheumatology, Academic Medical Center/ University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands

